Electric Fencing Products



JVA Electric Fence Energiser Installation and User Manual

(MB8, MB12, MB16)



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1 INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your choice of a JVA Energiser. In choosing to purchase a JVA product you have opted for the highest quality in electric fencing. Please read this manual entirely before installing or operating your new energiser.

All JVA products offer a three-year warranty against faulty components and workmanship but excludes environmental extremes (i.e. lightning, flood damage, etc.) or malicious damage to the unit or faulty application. Consumable components (i.e. batteries) are also not covered by the warranty agreement. To ensure your eligibility for the warranty program offered with this device, please retain your proof of purchase. For a warranty description, please see the final page of the manual.



High Voltages exist inside the electric fence energiser and on the fence terminals. The high voltage inside the energiser may take a long time to discharge. Wait at least 10 minutes after turning off before opening the case. Before working on the high voltage wiring of an electric fence, it is recommended that the energiser is disarmed, and a short circuit is placed from the fence live wires to earth. This is a sensible precaution against the energiser being armed by others, while you are working on the fence.

2 IMPORTANT NOTES

2.1 ELECTRIC FENCES

- 1. Electric fences are not toys; do not let children play with them.
- 2. Electric fences should only be installed with regard to the relevant standards and work place health and safety requirements.
- 3. Electric fences should be signed. Warning signs that comply to IEC standards should be prominently displayed on electric fences at distances specified by the country in which they are installed.
- 4. Electric fences must have an 'earth'. An electric fence ground is one or more pieces of metal (eg. 1.8m Galvanized earth rods) driven into the earth to a depth of at least 1.2m. Three earthing rods are recommended for customers purchasing the MB8, MB12, or MB16. Additional earth connections may be required at the energiser or along the fence in poor soil conditions.

2.2 ENERGISERS

- The energiser places a very short, safe, high voltage pulse on the fence live wires approximately once every second. Please be advised that there is always a risk associated with any device designed to impart an electric shock. Do not allow children or elderly persons to touch the energiser or fence live wires.
- 2. The maximum length of fence able to be energised depends on many factors, for example the earth resistance, number and spacing of wires on the fence, type/quality of insulators, resistance of wire, whether the wiring configuration is series or parallel etc. The amount of grass or shrubbery touching the wires also alters the performance. Fence circuit layout is very important. Another factor to consider is acceptable fence voltage, for some stock situations this is 3kV others require more or less. Therefore the rated mileage of fence that the energiser will power effectively is a guide only.
- **3. DANGER!** The Energiser should never be operated with the cover removed as high voltages exist inside the enclosure while operating. High voltage may remain on some internal parts long after the unit has been switched off.

2.3 POWER SUPPLY OPTIONS

The JVA MB electric fence energisers can be powered from a number of power sources.

- a. 12V external battery (not supplied)
- b. 12V external battery with solar panel (not supplied)
- c. 110/240Vac via power pack (supplied with MB models only)

2.4 IMPORTANT NOTES

- Always ensure adequate ventilation is given to the external 12 volt battery. Lead Acid batteries may emit explosive gases while charging!
- Always mount the power supply either indoors or undercover.

3 JVA MODELS AND FEATURES

3.1 FEATURES

	MB8	MB12	MB16
Mains powered	*	*	*
Battery powered	*	*	*
Digital control	*	*	*
"Smooth" wave shape	*	*	*
Power on demand	*	*	*
LCD showing kV and Stored Energy	*	*	*
Ant & moisture protec- tion	*	*	*
UV stable enclosure	*	*	*
Overload indication (Audible and Visible)	*	*	*
Lightning protection	*	*	*
Reverse battery pro- tection	*	*	*
Self resetting fuse	*	*	*
Solar capability^	*	*	*
Solar Ready (includes battery, regulator & so- lar panel)			
Low battery indication	*	*	*
Flat battery indication	*	*	*
Over discharge battery protection	*	*	*
Battery life maximisa- tion	*	*	*
Battery voltage mea- surement	*	*	*
Stored Joules	12J	18 J	24 J

	MB8	MB12	MB16
Energy Output	81	12 J	16 J
Power consumption at 12.5Vdc	0.9 A	1.25 A	1.6 A
Warranty	3 Years	3 Years	3 Years
Power adapter includ- ed (24Vdc)	*	*	*
Battery leads included	*	*	*
Audible alarm	*	*	*
Auto Recover	*	*	*
Auto-Sync™	*	*	*
Bi-Polar output	*	*	*

- Battery life maximization works by slowing the frequency of high voltage pulses just before the battery dies to keep the energiser going for as long as possible without damaging the battery.
- The over discharge battery protection will stop the energiser when the battery is flat and flash the status LED twice each second. This stops too much charge being pulled from the battery and prevents permanent damage. The energiser will automatically restart once the battery voltage returns to a normal level.
- The reverse battery protection protects the energiser from damage in the event you are having a bad day and connect the external battery the wrong way around.
- The MB series of energisers seals the electronics inside a durable UV Stable case to protect from ants, moisture and dust to maximise reliability.
- **Overload indication** warns you if your fence is heavily loaded by flashing a warning LED and alerting you with a short audible beep.
- The MB series utilizes the latest **digital microcontroller** technology to extend battery life, provide useful feedback on the energiser status, and increase reliability and performance.
- The **audible alarm** will sound in the event of a serious error for 30 seconds and then shut down for 7 minutes before sounding again.
- The **Auto Recover** feature will attempt to recover the energiser from severe errors which causes the energiser to stop working. This automatic recovery process will occur at 7 minute intervals.
- Our patented **Auto-Sync**[™] technology to help keep your fences safe.
- **Power on demand** automatically increases the power to heavy fence loads.

^To use with a solar panel, an external 12 volt sealed lead acid battery, solar panel and solar regulator are required (not supplied with this kit). **Contractions** Electric Fencing Products SPECIFICATIONS 3.2

				Specifications	cations					
Model	Energiser output voltage #	Stored Energy	Power	~12V drain	*Solar F Expect	*Solar Panel Size for Minimum Expected Sun Hours Per Day	e for Mir lours Pe	nimum r Day	*Solar Batterey	Peak Output
					3hrs	4hrs	5hrs	>6hrs		
MB1.5	8.2kV	2.1J	12Vdc^	165mA	30W	20W	20W	15W	26Ah	1.5J
MB3.0	8.5kV	4.2J	12Vdc^	300mA	40W	30W	25W	20W	40Ah	3.0J
MB4.5	8.8kV	6.3J	12Vdc ^	490mA	85W	60W	40W	40W	65Ah	4.5J
MB8	8.2kV	12J	12 to 24Vdc^	0.9A	150W	120W	100W	85W	150Ah	8J
MB12	8.2kV	18J	12 to 24Vdc^	1.25A	180W	150W	120W		200Ah	12J
MB16	8.2kV	24J	12 to 24Vdc^	1.6A	220W	180W	150W		260Ah	16J
RSG1	9.2kV	0.1J	12Vdc	14mA	2W	2W	2W	2W	I	0.08J

Symbols

serutes and Features

Page 10

- # No load, actual voltage on a short fence can be as high as 10kV
- ~ Current drain rating is for a 12.5V power source. Current drain will vary with voltage.
- ^ Recommended solar panel sizes based on the number of sun hours/ day a region receives. To find the minimum number of sun hours/day your region receives contact your local meteorological authorities.
- * The recommended battery size will allow the energiser to operate for up to 4 days on the battery alone.
- @ The minimum number of sun hours per day for continual operation.

Due to our policy of continual improvement specifications are subject to change without notice

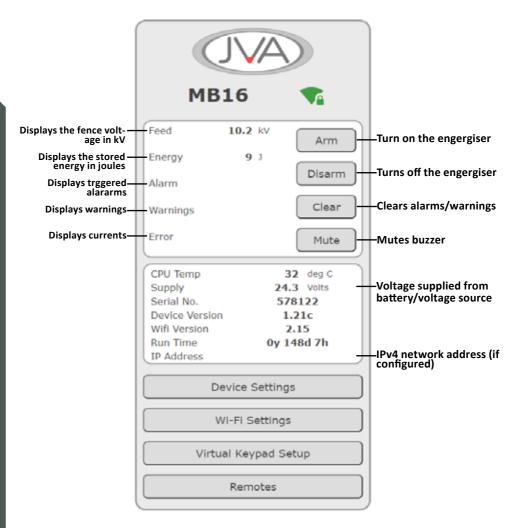
3.3 VIRTUAL KEYPAD

To connect to the VKP, scan for Wi-Fi networks within 15 meters of the MBxL energizer. Connect to the "IPE_xxxxxx" where "xxxxxx" is the serial number (found on the back of the device). For example "IPE_500123".

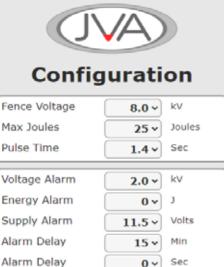
Hint: Some smartphones require the mobile data to be disabled to use this Wi-Fi network without an internet connection.

If you are not automatically redirected to the VKP, use a browser to go to http://192.168.4.1

JVA Virtual Keypad



The 4 bottom buttons can be used to navigate to the different pages of the virtual keypad. "Device Settings" will open up a screen which allows for configuration of the device functionalities. "Wi-Fi Settings" tab is where the MBxL internet connection can be set. For more information see the full online user manual.



Gateway	IPEC	*			
IPEC Password					
Front Button Enab	led 🔍				
AutoPair Remote					
Save	e Settings				

Main Menu

Default Settings

Fence Voltage - Target voltage for energizer output

Max Joules - limits the engergizer's maximum stored Joules

Pulse Time - time between fence pulses

Voltages Alarm - triggers a 'Low voltage' alarm when the output voltage drops below the set value

Energy Alarm - triggers a 'High energy' alarm when the output energy rises above the set value.

Supply alarm - triggers a 'Low battery' alarm when the input voltage drops below the set value

Alarm delay - alarms will trigger if still in fault for this set time length Gateway - Select Cloud Service to connect to

Galeway - Select cloud selvice to connect to

IPEC Password - Create a password (IPEC only)

Front Button - This tick box can be un-checked to disable arm/disarm by physical front button

AutoPair Remote - This enables a 10 minute window for pairing FLC devices from first powering up the device.

	WARNING
	This Wi-Fi module is only compatible with 2.4GHz networks. If you have a dual band Wi-Fi network, please disable 5GHz or create a 2.4GHz only seperate network.
Wi-Fi Settings	
Device Serial 578122	Device Serial - displays the serial number allocated to the energizer, this number will follow 'IPE_' as the MBxL Wi-Fi network name
Select SSID ~	Select SSID - this drop down box will show all available networks found by the energizer
Access Point SSID	
	Access Point SSID - manual option to connect to a network. Directly enter the Wi-Fi SSID
Access Point Password	Access Point Password - Field for entering the Wi-Fi password to connect to
	Scan - Scans and updates available networks
Scan	
Connect	
This Wi-Fi Module will reset to complete any change.	
Main Menu	J

To connect the energiser to a network, follow these four steps:

1.Press the scan button, you will see "Scanning..." pop up in the drop down box, then replace with "Select SSID".

2.Select the drop down box with "Select SSID", and then select the desired network.

3.Enter the password for this network.

4.Press connect

For manual entry, instead of selecting the network through the drop down menu, you can enter the exact access point name in the "Access Point SSID" text box, and ignore steps 1 & 2.

3.4 FENCE LINE COMMUNICATIONS (FLC)

3.4.1 WHAT IS FLC?

FLC is a proprietary protocol designed and developed by Pakton Technologies. This protocol allows communication between enabled devices on the same electric fence system.

3.4.2How does IT WORK?

FLC transmits over the conductive fence wire from the node or handheld device back to the Energizer. The communication does not generate enough energy to shock the user or animal touching the fence while transmitting.

3.4.3 REMOTE CONTROL

The JVA Remote control and Fault Finder uses the FLC protocol to communicate directly with the energizer, this means being able to turn on and off the energizer from the fence line. No internet connection is required, simply pair the remote control to the energizer using the Virtual Keypad and control the energizer through the fence line.

3.4.41s FLC secure?

One big feature of this system is the ability to pair multiple remote controls to the one energizer. With countless individual remote ID numbers, there is no possibility of somebody else controlling your energizer with an un paired remote control.



- 1. Status indicates fence overload or internal energiser fault (red LED)
- 2. Energiser On and OK indicator (green LED)
- 3. High Power fence connection terminal
- 4. Low Power fence connection terminal
- 5. Ground/Earth return connection terminal
- 6. Rubber O-ring seal between front and back case pieces

- 7. Model number panel
- 8. LCD Liquid Crystal Display
- 9. 12/24 volt battery clips (black = negative, red = positive)
- 10. ON/OFF switch

4.1 FENCE CONNECTORS



Full Voltage Operation

- 1. The Green Earth Terminal (Right) should be connected to suitable electric fence earth spikes.
- 2. The Red Fence Terminal (Left) should be connected to the live wires of the fence.

Low Voltage Operation

- 1. The Green Earth Terminal (Right) should be connected to suitable electric fence earth spikes.
- 2. The Yellow Fence Terminal (Centre) should be connected to the live wires of the fence.

Bi-Polar Operation

- 1. The Green Earth Terminal (Right) should be connected one of the live wires on the fence (this will become negative relative to earth)
- 2. The Yellow Fence Terminal (Centre) should be connected to suitable electric fence earth spikes.
- 3. The Red Fence Terminal (Left) should be connected to the other live wire on the fence (this will become positive relative to earth).

4.2 POWER BUTTON

- If the energiser is off, push the power button to turn it on.
- If the beeper is giving an audible warning, push the power button to silence the beeper for 10 minutes.
- If the energiser is on, push the power button to turn it off.

4.3 ENERGISER LED AND LCD DISPLAY



Status red LED:

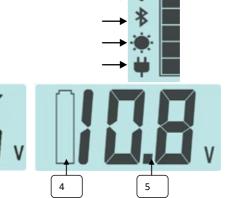
- Flashes slowly (once per pulse) when there is a heavy fence load. This
 means the fence may have a fault. This will not harm the energiser, but
 your electric fence may not be effective. See Troubleshooting Energiser Problems below.
- Two Flashes shows the battery is low. You should change or recharge the battery. See Troubleshooting Energiser Problems below.
- More than two flashes shows an error code (this is rare). Some errors can cause the energiser to shut down. See Troubleshooting Energiser Problems below.

Energiser OK green LED:

- Flashes with each pulse to show the unit is on and operating correctly. **LCD Screen** The LCD shows:
- Operating Status information
- Battery voltage and capacity
- Output Voltage (Kilo volts)
- Stored Energy (Joules)
- Error codes (See section 6.5)



- Wi-Fi Connection and Strength
- Bluetooth (Not used)
- Charging from Solar
- Mains input active



LCD Screen Examples

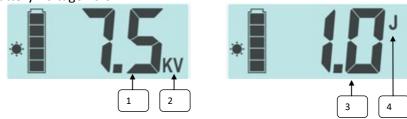
4. Battery Fully Charged

3

- 5. Battery Voltage 13.6V
- 6. Low Battery

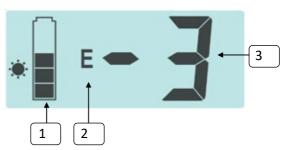
1

7. Battery Voltage 10.8V



The following screens are shown when the unit is on (armed), scrolling from one to the other every 1.3 seconds.

- 1 and 2. Fence Voltage is 7.5kV
- 3 and 4. Stored Energy is 1.0J
- 1. Battery at half capacity
- 2 and 3. Showing Error 3



5 INSTALLATION

5.1 MOUNTING THE ENERGISER

If possible keep the energiser in a cool and dry environment (either indoors or at least well covered) to maximise reliability. When mounting it there are a number of options. To deter any water ingress, keep the energiser upright when located outdoors.

- Wall Mount: The energiser may be mounted from two 12 gauge screws at 5.5cm centres, OR
- Lay or stand the energiser on a shelf, OR
- Thread wire or string through the keyholes to hang the energiser, OR
- Hang the energiser from a single nail or hook.

5.2 CONNECTING THE FENCE (STANDARD)

The electric fence requires a dedicated ground/earth system. Drive at least three earth spikes into the ground to a depth of at least 1.2m. Attach a wire from the Green Ground (Earth) Terminal on the front of the energiser to the earth spikes in the ground.

For full power connect a wire from the Red Fence Terminal on the front of the energiser to the live wire of the fence. For half power connect a wire from the Yellow Fence Terminal on the front of the energiser to the live wire of the fence.

5.3 CONNECTING THE FENCE (BI-POLAR)

The electric fence requires a dedicated ground/earth system. Drive at least three earth spikes into the ground to a depth of at least 1.2m. Attach a wire from the Yellow (Half Power) Terminal on the front of the energiser to the earth spikes in the ground. Connect the Red Fence Terminal to one of the bi-polar live fence wires, and the Green Earth Terminal to the other bi-polar live fence wire.

5.4 CONNECTING TO POWER

1. Battery Power Source: Attach the energiser to the battery and connect the red clip to the positive battery terminal and the black clip to the negative battery terminal. For battery choice see the specification table. **Mains Power Source:** Attach the energiser to the supplied power pack. Plug the power pack into the mains power outlet and turn on the switch at the wall.

The mains power pack MUST be kept indoors!

Solar Power Source: It is recommended that a solar regulator is used in conjunction with a solar panel and a rechargeable battery. Please refer to instructions provided with the solar regulator for information regarding its setup. Once the solar regulator, solar panel and rechargeable battery have been configured, connect the energiser to the rechargeable battery. Red to positive and black to negative battery terminals.

2. Turn the energiser ON by pushing the Power button once.

6 **OPERATION**

6.1 ELECTRIC FENCES

Electric fence energisers work by discharging a short, safe, high voltage pulse onto the fence wires. The animal will not be harmed by a pulse, but it will remember to avoid contact with the energised fence in future.

The high voltage is discharged from the red positive fence terminal of the energiser and this is connected to the live wires, or fence tape, of the fence to make them "live" or "hot" wires. Live wires must be insulated (e.g. with insulators) from earth or any other conductive material touching earth (e.g. fence posts).

The green connection on the energiser is the earth (or ground) terminal. Electric fences need earthing to complete the circuit: When an animal touches the live wire of the fence a current will flow from the live wire, through the animal, back through the ground or earth return wires to the earth spike and back up to the energiser earth terminal.

On touching the earth terminal on the energiser or the earth spikes in the ground, no shock should be felt. If a shock is felt on either of the above, it is an indication that the earthing is insufficient. To overcome this problem, extra earth spikes need to be added to the system. The better the quality of the earthing system, the more effective and efficient the electric fence system will be.

You should not feel a shock from the earth connection or earth rod. If you do, the 'earth' is probably not sufficient. An electric fence 'earth' is some metal in contact with the soil. The more metal in the earth and the higher the moisture content in the soil the better. The larger the energiser and the longer the fence the more 'earth' is required.

In very dry conditions, i.e. sandy soil, it is recommended that a dedicated earth wire be added to the fence line which in turn should be connected to the energiser earth and the ground/earth spikes

For best results place the energiser in the middle of long lines of fence.

A cartwheel pattern of farm fences with the energiser positioned centrally is more effective than a tree arrangement with the energiser at the base of the trunk with many branches.

The fence and the earth voltages can be mea-

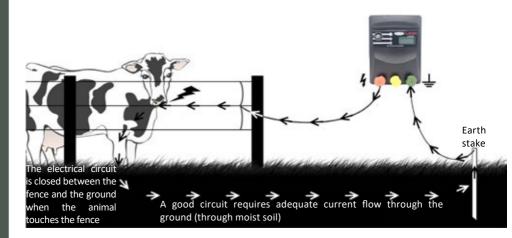
sured using an electric fence digital voltmeter or digital electric fence directional fault finder (the JVA Electric Fence Fault Finder).

6.2 BENEFITS OF ELECTRIC FENCES

- An electric fence offers a psychological barrier as well as a physical barrier.
- The risk of injury to livestock is lower than with barbed wire fences.
- Electric fences cost less to install and maintain than conventional fencing. Users enjoy low maintenance costs because their stock stays off the fence.
- Their use is versatile -
 - they can be permanent or portable systems,
 - they can be arranged in variety of designs to suit needs
 - they are quick and easy to erect
- They improve pasture and grazing control.
- They can improve existing fence life due to less physical pressure.
- Easy to set up compared to a traditional fence.

6.3 ELECTRIC FENCES

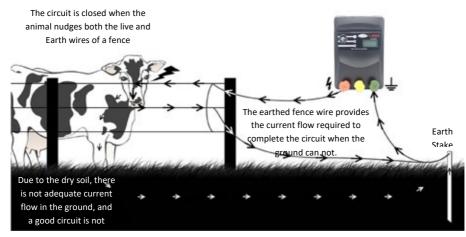
The Earth Return (also called Ground Return) configuration is the most common method for electric fences, particularly smaller fence applications like "strip grazing", due to its lower cost and ease of setting up. The fence live wire(s) are electrified and rely on the dirt to complete the circuit back to the energiser Earth terminal when an animal touches the fence.



Operation

6.4 FENCE RETURN SYSTEM

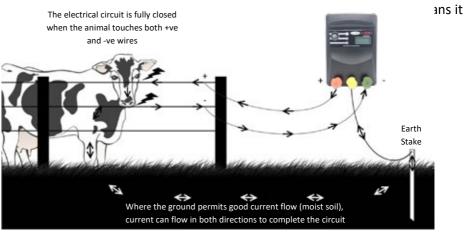
The Fence Return configuration for electric fences is used where the soil could be too dry to complete the circuit, or the animals are likely to try to force their way through between the fence wires. In this system earth wire(s) are also run along the fence with the live wire(s) to provide a low resistance path for the current to return to the energiser. In this system if the soil is moist enough it will also function as a return path for the current when the animal touches the live wire, but if the soil is not moist or has poor conductance, this system will keep your fence effective provided the animal touches both a live and the earth wire simultaneously.



6.5 BI-POLAR SYSTEM

A Bi-Polar fence is a combination of both the earth return system and th fence return system. The benefits are that

- If either the positive OR negative fence wires are loaded with a fault and have a low voltage, the other wire will not be affected by the fault and still have good voltage on it.
- A bi-polar fence will interfere with wireless signals (like digital TV) less because the electrical noise generated by the fence will cancel itself out.



6.6 EARTHING YOUR ENERGISER

The best way to earth your energiser is using a 1 meter galvanized earth stakes. If the earth stake is too rusty it may not work properly. The best place to locate the earth stake is somewhere close to where the fence starts and that is kept damp like a garden bed, a water course, or the overflow from a rain water tank. Do not connect the earth of your energiser to a metal shed or the same earth your home electricity system uses. It is also advised not to use any metal water pipes as this could lead to someone receiving a shock from a tap.

Operation

6.7 SEMI-PERMANENT AND PERMANENT FENCES

Steel posts are the quickest and easiest way to set up a fence, but timber and fibreglass posts can also be used. Make sure that the wires are tight enough that there is no sagging. 2.5mm galvanized fence wire is recommended as poly tape or rope will degrade and break over time. Safety signs need to be fitted as per the requirements outlined in the "General requirements for electric fences" part of this manual.

6.8 THE IMPORTANCE OF INSULATORS

If the live wire is not well insulated the fence load will be much higher, this means for any given length of fence the voltage will be lower. Pieces of wood and garden hose are not good insulators. Use the ones made for the job and you will get a better result.

In a fence return system the earth wire(s) do not need to be insulated, in fact if you are using steel intermediates the more times the earth wire touches a metal post the better it is "earthed".

UV stable poly insulators will last much longer than non-UV stable plastics. Plastic insulators are not as susceptible to fracture as ceramic insulators. However, ceramic insulators are better in grass fire prone areas as they do not melt.

6.9 MAINTENANCE

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On permanent fences maintaining the fence is important, especially during the warmer months when plant growth is at its highest and after any large weather events.

- 1. Check the fence voltage using an electric fence volt meter. The JVA fault finder will also detect faults and direct you towards them.
- 2. Keep vegetation away from the fence. If it touches the fence it will reduce its performance. Along permanent fence lines you may wish to use a weed killer to deter any growth.
- 3. Check that nothing has fallen against the fence and that the wires are not broken or have been unclipped from insulators.

The energiser battery must be checked. If the energiser is flashing a low battery warning it is time to recharge or replace the battery

7 TROUBLESHOOTING ENERGISER PROB-LEMS

The most common problems with electric fence energisers are:

- Moisture and Ants
- Lightning
- Flat batteries

The intelligent JVA series of energisers will self diagnose and report their status (See Errors and Error Codes) on the LED and LCD displays.

7.1 MOISTURE AND ANTS

Moisture and Ants should not be a significant problem for the JVA range of energisers as they come in a weatherproof case. Still, where possible, keep the energiser protected from the weather.

7.2 LIGHTNING

The JVA range of energisers is covered with a three-year warranty that excludes Lightning. Surge protection components inside the energiser are fitted to reduce the risk of damage by lightning. However, nature is capable of performing more extremely than can be tested for in the laboratory; to ensure the wellbeing of your JVA investment for the longer term, it is recommended that a Lightning Protection Kit is installed to prevent lightning damage and possible costly repairs.

7.3 FLAT BATTERIES

The JVA series of energisers require a battery that is in good condition to run correctly. The energiser will protect the battery by slowing down and eventually stopping altogether as the battery charge is depleted. For best results, check on the energiser at regular intervals. If you are not getting the expected life from the battery consider having it checked by an auto electrician.

The JVA series of energisers indicate a depleted battery by flashing the red Error LED twice (see "Parts of the energiser" above).

If the battery fails it should be recycled, not sent to land fill. Return it to the manufacturer if unsure.

7.4 ERRORS AND ERROR CODES

The JVA energiser may stop and display error codes. The error codes are displayed in two places. The first of these is on the Status (red) LED, where it will flash rapidly a number of times. The number of these flashes corresponds to the Error Code. The second place is on the LCD, where it will display a message.

Error Code #	Red LED Flashes	LCD Display	Meaning
2	2	Battery symbol & "Lo b"	Flat battery: the energiser will re- cover and re-start when the bat- tery is charged
3	3	"Er 03"	Charging failure
4	4	"Er 04"	Fast pulsing
5	5	"Er 05"	Discharge failure
6	6	"Er 06"	High battery: the energiser will re- start when the battery voltage is supplied
7	7	"Er 07"	EEPROM write failure
8	8	"Er 08"	Self-calibration failure - insuffi- cient output
9	9	"Er 09"	Self-calibration failure – insuffi- cient capacitor charge
10	10	"Er 10"	Capacitor failure, charged too quickly
11	11	"Er 11"	Calibration error, voltage reading too low for fence conditions
21	N/A	"Er 21"	Opto-coupler failure

For errors 3 and 5 the energiser will try and recover these three errors which are classed as severe errors. This automatic recover process will occur at 7 minute intervals. Error 4 is classed as a fatal error. The energiser will not attempt to automatically restart due to safety concerns. Errors 2 and 6 indicate the battery voltage is either too low or too high. The energiser will restart as soon as the voltage returns to the correct range. All other errors indicate an internal malfunction.

Should the error continue to re-occur, please return the unit to a qualified service centre for repair. There are no user serviceable parts inside the energiser. All internal fuses will automatically reset themselves.

8 COMMON FENCE PROBLEMS

The most common problem with electric fences is low voltage on the live wires caused by

- Insufficient 'earth'
- Shorts on the fence

For tips on fence construction please see an Electric Fencing Manual.

8.1 TESTING THE 'EARTH'

The 'earth' is essential to all electric fence systems. Larger energisers require more earth rods. Additionally, all energisers require a low resistance wired connection from the energiser earth terminal to the earth rod. Short the end of your fence to earth by hammering a metal stake into the soil and connecting this to the live fence wire. Using an electric fence volt meter or a JVA Electric Fence Fault Finder (do not use a standard multimeter) check what the voltage is at the earth terminal of the energiser. In general you should see a reading less than 300 volts (0.3kV).

8.2 TESTING THE FENCE, FINDING SHORTS

To test the performance of the fence or find faults on the fence an electric fence voltmeter is essential and a JVA Electric Fence Fault Finder is even better. An effective fence will have more than 2 kV (2000 volts).

Instructions for installation and connection of electric fences in Australia, as required under AS60335.2.76

9 AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS REQUIRE-MENTS - AS60335.2.76

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9.1 **DEFINITIONS**

Connecting lead	an electric conductor, used to con- nect the energiser to the electric fence or the earth electrode
Electric animal fence	an electric fence used to contain animals within or exclude animals from a particular area
Electric fence	a barrier which includes one or more electric conductors, insulated from earth, to which electric pulses are applied by an energiser

9.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRIC FENCES

- **1.** Electric animal fences shall be installed and operated so that they cause no electrical hazard to persons, animals or their surroundings.
- **2.** Electric animal fence constructions which are likely to lead to the entanglement of animals or persons shall be avoided.
- 3. An electric animal fence shall not be supplied from two different energisers or from independent fence circuits of the same energiser. For any two separate electric animal fences, each supplied from a separate energiser independently timed, the distance between the wires of the two electric animal fences shall be at least 2 m. If this gap is to be closed, this shall be affected by means of electrically non-conductive material or an isolated metal barrier.
- 4. Barbed wire or razor wire shall not be electrified by an energiser.
- 5. Any part of an electric animal fence that is installed along a public road

or pathway shall be identified at frequent intervals by warning signs securely fastened to the fence posts or firmly clamped to the fence wires.

5.1 The size of the warning sign shall be at least 100 mm x 200 mm.

5.2 The background colour of both sides of the warning sign shall be yellow. The inscription on the sign shall be black and shall be either:

- a. the symbol of Figure 1, or
- b. the substance of TAKE CARE ELECTRIC ANIMAL FENCE.

5.3 The inscription shall be indelible, inscribed on both sides of the warning sign and have a height of at least 25 mm.

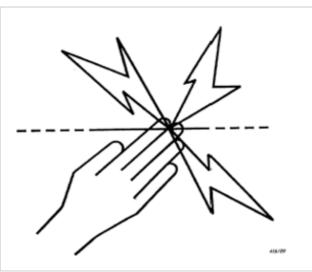


Figure 1 - Warning Plate Symbol

- 6. The **energiser earth electrode** shall penetrate the ground to a depth of at least 1.2m.
- 7. **Connecting leads** that are run inside buildings shall be effectively insulated from the earthed structural parts of the building. This may be achieved by using insulated high voltage cable.
- 8. **Connecting leads** that are run underground shall be run in a conduit of insulating material or else insulated high voltage cable shall be used. Care must be taken to avoid damage to the connecting leads due to the effects of animal hooves or tractor wheels sinking into the ground.
- 9. Connecting leads shall not be installed in the same conduit as the

mains supply wiring, communicating cables or data cables.

- 10. **Connecting leads** and electric animal fence wires shall not cross above overhead power or communication lines.
- 11. Crossings with overhead power lines shall be avoided wherever possible. If such a crossing cannot be avoided, it shall be made underneath the power line and as nearly as possible at right angles to it.
- 12. If **connecting leads** and **electric animal fence** wires are installed near an overhead power line, the clearances shall be not less than those shown in table 3.

Power line voltage V	Clearance m
<=1 000	3
>1 000 <=33 000	4
>33 000	8

Table 1 - Minimum Clearances from Power Lines

- 13. If **connecting leads** and **electric animal fence** wires are installed near an overhead power line, their height above the ground shall not exceed 3m. This height applies either side of the orthogonal projection of the outermost conductors of the power line on the ground surface, for a distance of
- 2 m for power lines operating at a nominal voltage not exceeding 1,000
 V
- 15 m for power lines operating at a nominal voltage exceeding 1,000 V.

9.3 PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRIC ANI-MAL FENCES IN AUSTRALIA

- 1. A distance of at least 10 m shall be maintained between the **energiser earth electrode** and any other earthing system connected parts such as the power supply system protective earth or the telecommunication system earth.
- 2. Electric animal fences intended for deterring birds, household pet containment or training animals such as cows need only be supplied from low output energisers to obtain satisfactory and safe performance.
- 3. In **electric animal fences** intended for deterring birds from roosting on buildings, no **electric fence** wire shall be connected to the **energiser earth electrode**. A warning sign shall be fitted to every point where persons may gain ready access to the conductors.
- 4. A non-electrified fence incorporating barbed wire or razor wire may be used to support one or more off-set electrified wires of an **electric animal fence.** The supporting devices for the electrified wires shall be constructed so as to ensure that these wires are positioned at a minimum distance of 150 mm from the vertical plane of the non-electrified wires. The barbed wire and razor wire shall be earthed at regular intervals.
- 5. Where an **electric animal fence** crosses a public pathway, a non-electrified gate shall be incorporated in the **electric animal fence** at that point or a crossing by means of stiles shall be provided. At any such crossing, the adjacent electrified wires shall carry warning signs.

9.4 PROHIBITED MOUNTING

Electric fence conductors should not be mounted on a support used for any overhead power line.

10 WARRANTY

This product carries a limited warranty against defective components and workmanship. The warranty excludes damage caused by acts of Nature such as lightning or flooding, power supply surges, rough handling, malicious actions or incorrect wiring.

Whilst every effort has been made to check that the information contained in this manual is accurate, JVA Technologies will not be liable to loss or damage resulting from construction, operation or failure of any installation or system.

10.1 FOR ASSISTANCE

If you have any questions or need further assistance, please call a JVA sales representative on the relevant number below, or email us at <u>sales@jva-fence.com.au</u>. For more information on our complete range of electric fencing products please see the JVA website: <u>www.jva-fence.com</u>

Region	Phone	
Australia	07 3477 9955	
South Africa	08 6178 2349	
Other	+61 7 3109 0582	

10.2 SERVICE OR REPAIRS

If serrvice is required, package your energiser carefully and return it to the place of purchase or your nearest JVA distributor along with your proof of purchase.

10.3 CONTACTS

JVA Australia

JVA Technologies PO Box 527 Deception Bay QLD 4508 Tel: 07 3477 9955

JVA South Africa	JVA South Africa				
Bloemfontein 36 Kolbe Laan, Oranjesig Tel : 051 448 6695/6	Klerksdorp 72 Central Avenue, Flamwood, Tel : 018 468 8273	Rustenburg Shop 7, Waterfall Mall 1 Howick Avenue Tel : 014 537 2884			
Cape Town Unit 15, Viking Business Park Park Road (off Viking Way) Epping Industria Tel : 021 534 5056	Nelspruit Unit 4, 20 Rapid Street Riverside Industrial Park Tel : 013 752 7152	Somerset West 4 Broadway Centre Urtel Crescent Tel : 021 851 1978			
Centurion 74 Cantonments Road, Lyttleton Tel : 012 880 0222	North Rand (Kya Sand) 174 Bernie Street, Randburg Tel : 011 708 6442	Pretoria 1185 Steve Biko Road, (977 Voor- trekker Rd), Wonderboom South Tel : 012 335 4290			
Durban North Unit B, 213 Kenneth Kaunda Rd (Old Northway) Tel : 031 563 0274	Pietermaritzburg 51 Winston Road Tel : 033 342 6727/27	Upington Unit 28, Industria Business Park 4 Progressus Street Tel : 054 332 1458			
East London Shop 8 & 9, Paphos Park Devereaux Avenue Tel : 043 726 6652/60	Pinetown Unit 1, 7 Suffert Street Tel : 031 702 6351	Vanderbijlpark 5 Prime Business Park Rabie Street Tel : 016 931 0408			
East Rand (Jet Park) Aerostar Business Park 219 Jet Park Road, Jet Park Tel : 011 397 3507	Polokwane 9 Suez Street, Nirvana Tel : 015 292 6273	VanderbijlparkManufacturing(Pta. Wire)18 Fairbank Street, NW7 /7 Elgar Rio, Elgar StreetTel : 016 986 2144			
George Shop 3, 57 York Street, George Tel : 044 874 0669 / 044 873 2958	Port Elizabeth 45 Mangold Street, Newton Park Tel : 041 365 7178/9	Vryheid Unit F, 153 President Street Cnr. Hlobane Street Tel : 034 981 0318			
Kimberley 29A Schmidtsdrift Road Rhodesdene Tel : 053 861 5631	Potchefstroom 35 Dr James Moroko Avenue Tel : 018 297 1488	West Rand (Roodepoort) 599 Ontdekkers Road Delarey, Roodepoort Tel : 011 472 8823			

Notes

Notes

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Electric Fencing Products



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